



# ANNUAL REPORT

2023- 2024



**MULTI ART ASSOCIATION**

H.No.-153/A/1, Street-Bhudhamdin, Near Bazaar Samiti, Sudana, Daltonganj,  
Palamu-822101

[maa.palamu@gmail.com](mailto:maa.palamu@gmail.com), [www.maango.org](http://www.maango.org)



## Foreword:

The report summarizes our efforts that we for the inclusive development in the financial year 2023-24. It provides an overview about the activities we carried out under different activities and the consequent achievements. **THE ANNUAL REPORT** for the year 2023-24 presents the details of our strategy, intervention, activities, and impact at grass root level.

The organization strives to provide access to rights and entitlements of Gram Sabha and establishing self Governance PESA area acknowledges traditional rights in schedule area, while focusing on sustainable solution for the long term with support of Azim Premji Foundation (APF). APF contributes towards the mandate of Local Democracy and strives to turn it into a reality with the commitment and pledge to bring development initiatives to the door step of the villages. The goal of project is towards empowering Gram Sabha to enable democratic decision making through Gram Sabha, access Community and Individual Forest Rights, Social Security Schemes, reviving traditional system especially in tribal and PVTG community.

We have accelerated our activities in this financial year with key issues of PESA, PRI, awareness on constitutional rights, self governance , FRA 2006, livelihood enhancement through scientific agriculture promotion, capacity building of farmers, GIS based planning under MNREGA , linkage with social security schemes and waste management in urban area . The desired development interventions at grassroots are always a challenge for us but in spite of various problems and challenges, milestone achievement have been possible by dedication & support of our village cadres, dedicated team and social activists. Guidance and support of community demanding forest rights, right to work under MNREGA, access to social security schemes, capacity building programs of village cadres, community leadership development, livelihood promotion, advocacy with Government Departments, technical and hand holding support for waste management are the key activities continued throughout the year. MAA is engaged in data management, strategic planning, internal impact assessment, monitoring & learning, advocacy & legal awareness, training, policy & budget analysis , overall project management . We are obliged to all our board members, supporters, esteemed volunteers, staffs, co-travelers and donors - APF, GGF, Child-line India Foundation, UUHIP for their continuous moral and financial support without which we would not be able to step forward.

**JITENDRA SINGH**  
**PRESIDENT**



## **HISTORICAL BACKGROUND OF ORGANIZATION:**

Multi Art Association is an NGO registered under Section 21 of the Societies Registration Act, 1860. Since its inception, the organization has been working for the downtrodden sections of the society in the entire Jharkhand including Palamu division. The organization is striving to make people aware about their rights and duties. Efforts have been on working to improve government programs by coordinating with various departments of the government and reaching its benefits to the last person of the society. In drought-prone areas like Palamu division, people have to struggle a lot for livelihood needs to be met due to crop failure and stress on drinking water. Besides, MGNREGA program in other blocks including Latehar, Heriharganj and Garhwa, Chinia, Bhandaria, Badgad, Ramkanda, Young Women Leadership program has been started with an aim for ensuring the rights of women and building their leadership, as well as working on domestic violence, sexual exploitation and other forms of discrimination against women.

Initiatives towards equality and justice for Dalit and tribal communities' effort has been started whereby budgetary provisions are critically reviewed and proposed for inclusive budget on the Scheduled Caste Sub Plan and the Scheduled Tribe Sub Plan. Children rights as per the Right to Education Act, is key awareness and intervention agenda on working with Gram Sabha sub- committees. Meanwhile intensive approach has been taken on MNREGA and other Social Security benefits, to enable greater access through the help center (Nagreek Sahayta Kendra), whereby cooperating through the centre on the issues of ration-pension, many cases of negligence and exclusions are dealt. Latehar District Child Helpline 1098 has been started by the organization in collaboration with the Ministry of Women and Child Development, GOI, and Child line India Foundation.

**VISION:** Sustainable development to build a healthy and equitable society, in which the tribal, dalits, women, children and other marginalized and vulnerable section of society should have access to adequate livelihood, health facility, quality education with dignity.

**MISSION:** To create awareness and empower the community and village institution to access rights and entitlements, entrepreneurship & livelihood through information, education, communication, handholding and technology support.

### **ORGANIZATION VALUES :**

The organization is based on the ideologies of people centered development through village self-governance by decentralizing the rights and responsibilities through people empowerment by capacitating them so as to realize and exercise their rights and potentialities in establishing a caste-less, religion-less, secular and democratic society, based on equality, brotherhood, solidarity and socio-economic justice, the modern peaceful constructive and progressive society of the Nation.

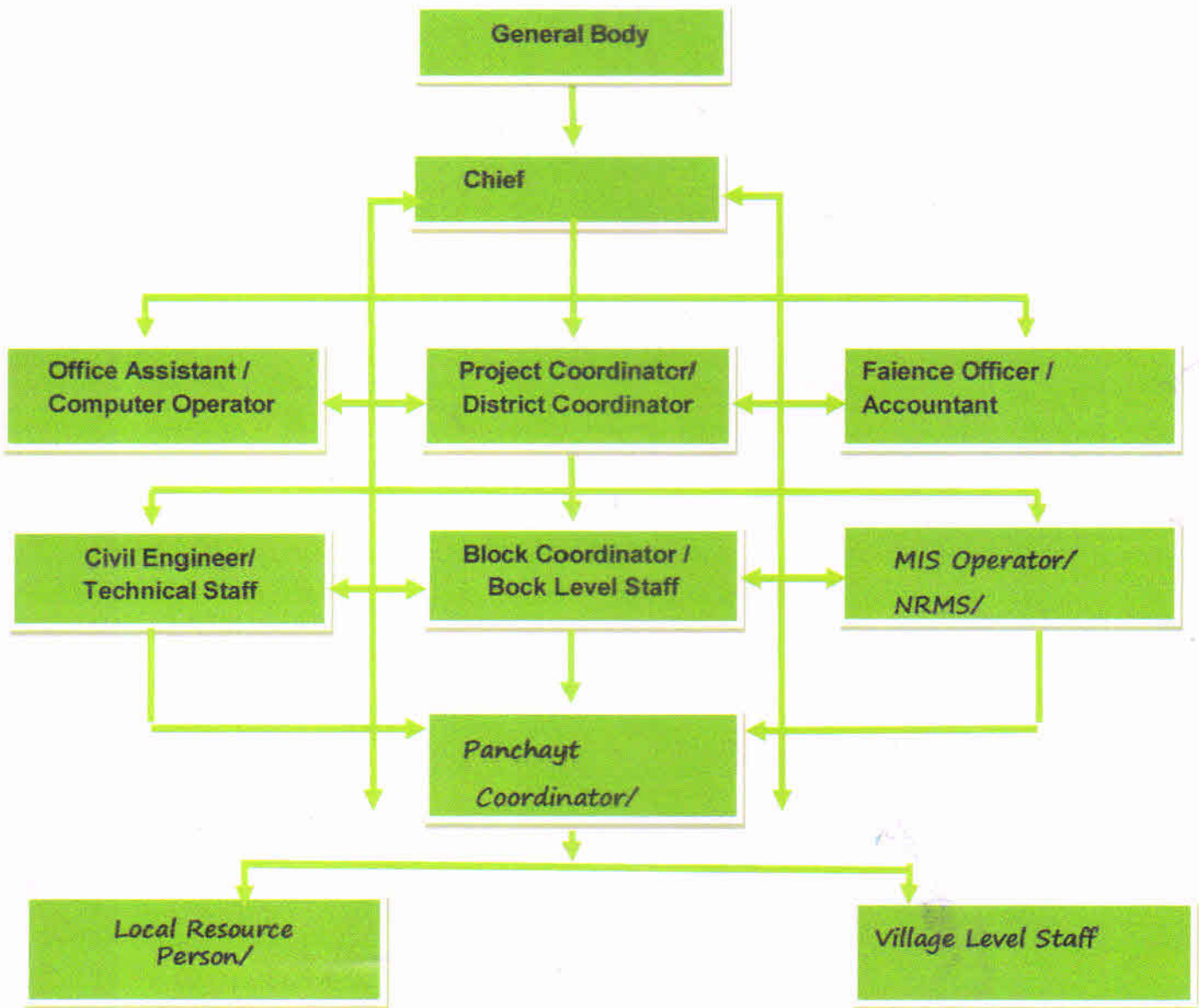


### **ORGANIZATION OBJECTIVES:**

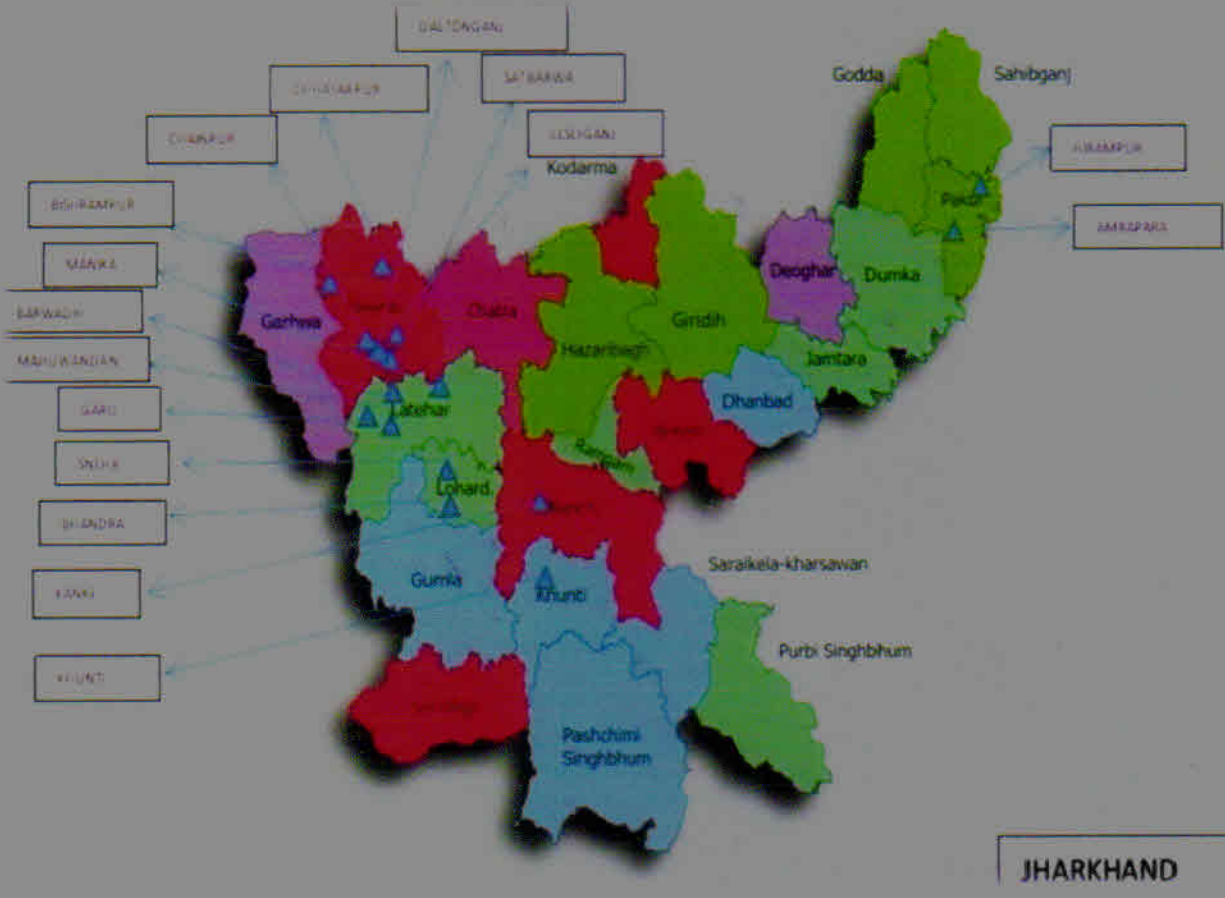
- To promote and help in the implementation of PESA, Panchayti Raj Act, for better self-governance and strengthening grassroots democracy.
- To ensure the right to food, right to work and social security of poor and marginalized by monitoring the implementation of MNREGA, National Food Security Act, (which includes schemes like Public Distribution System, ICDS, Mid Day Meal and Maternal entitlement) social security pension schemes.
- To ensure the food and nutritional security of women, children and other vulnerable section of society through promotion of cultivation of traditional food grain like Madua etc and promotion of Poshan Garden. This will particularly helpful in addressing the problem of anemia among women of marginalized community.
- To bring transparency and accountability in governance through promotion and application of social audit.
- To capacitate the Human Resource for promotion, preservation, utilization and marketing of natural/local resource for ensuring food security and income generation of the poor and marginalized people.
- To promote, equality, peace, brotherhood and social justice by reducing Caste, Community, Religion, Sex and Region based conflicts and restoring the violated constitutional rights.
- To sensitize the society about gender equity and women empowerment.
- Promotion of livelihood program through appropriate use of water and natural resources.
- Protection and conservation of land, water, forest and biodiversity.



## Organization Structure



**Reach and Coverage:**



**JHARKHAND**

Program	Blocks	Number of Panchayat	Number of villages	District
CFP-MNREGA & NSK	Manika	15	80	Latehar
Gram Sabha and Self	Barwadih	8	45	
NSK	Barwadih	16	80	
Village development plan, Lac	Mahudand	5	18	
NSK	Garu	8	69	Palamu
Young Women Leadership	Daltonganj	4	10	
FRA, Lac production	Manatu	4	20	
FRA	Panki	3	15	
FRA	Satabrwa	5	17	Garhwa
FRA	Chainpur	4	8	
NSK	Ramgarh	7	44	
FRA	Bhandariya	4	10	
FRA	Chiniya	4	8	Lohardaga
FRA	Ranka	2	6	
FRA	Bargad	5	22	
NSK	Kairo	5	26	
NSK	Bhandra	4	45	Khunti
CFP and NSK	Senha	13	51	
NSK	Khunti	12	42	
NSK	Kanke	36	103	Ranchi
<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>719</b>	<b>6</b>



## Our Eco System

- ❖ NCDHR
- ❖ Jharkhand Forest Rights Munch
- ❖ MNREGA Watch Jharkhand
- ❖ Right to Food Campaign
- ❖ Department of Welfare , GOJ.
- ❖ AZIM PREMJI FOUNDATION
- ❖ FES
- ❖ GGF
- ❖ UHIP
- ❖ Dhvani Foundation
- ❖ Childline India Foundation
- ❖ Ministry of Rural Development –Govt. of Jharkhand
- ❖ Jharkhand CSO forum

### Human Resource:

Position	Male	Female	Total
Office Staff	2	2	4
Project Coordinator	1	0	8
Panchayat Coordinator	7	1	8
Accountant	1	0	2
Field staff	37	33	70
Village Cadre	20	9	29
Engineer (NRM Expert)	5	0	5
GIS Coordinator	2	0	2
Agriculturist- Livelihood experts	3	2	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>133</b>

### Organization Assets:

Particular	No,
Office Building (Rented)	3
Digital Camera	4
Video Camera	1
PC and Laptop	18
Projector	2
Pico Projector	2
GPS Tracker	6
Printer cum scanner	18
Tablets	10



## GRAM SWASHASAN ABHIYAN FOR STRENGTHENING GRAM SABHA AND SELF GOVERNANCE:

Gram Swashasan Abhiyan has been started to strengthen Gram Sabha and traditional practices in schedule area, so that they may access their rights of Gram Sabha and participate in planning, implementation and monitoring of all social security schemes that relates to village development. The campaign is being supported by **Azim Premji Foundation** across various regions, spread in Santhal Pargana and Kolhan region by network partners. The objectives of this campaign are to establish Gram Sabha model within the State of Jharkhand, so that can be replicated in other areas too. 45 Villages of 8 panchayat in Barwadih block of Latehar was covered under this campaign. The organisation believes that implementation of PESA in



Strengthening Gram Sabha and Self governance

schedule area is one of the major instruments of community empowerment through strengthening gram Sabha. The organisation has worked continuously to aware community about the provisions of PESA and continuation of traditional practices in schedule areas. Multi Art association has been implementing Gram Swashashan Abhiyaan in 8 Panchayats (Morwai kala, Kuchila, Chhipadohar, Ukamad, Ked, Chungru, Lat and Haratu of Barwardih Block, in district Latehar).

### IMPLEMENTED ACTIVITIES :

- Training of Front Line Workers on CFR/IFR-NFSA, NPAP, MGNREGA, GPDP, Gram Sabha, PESA, Local Democracy, GEET app, forest resource management plan
- Survey through GEET App.
- Tola sabha, Gram sabha, meeting with other committee- SHG, Youth clubs, Mahila Sabha
- Training PRI members and Gram Pradhan,



Training of Front Line Workers

### CFR/ IFR CLAIM AT SDLC AND FOLLOW UP.

- Cadre development training on demand generation
- Support in Apki Yojana-Apki Sarkar, Sarkar Apke Dwar karykaram
- Exposure visits on Forest Resource Management Plan & Self Governance.
- Training on Forest resource management plan
- Forest Resource Management plan in – 8 village in process
- Village Cadre development





- Experience sharing on traditional knowledge by village resource person
- Linkage with social security schemes- PDS, Pension, MNREGA

### SURVEY THROUGH GEET APP :

Post the training and orientation immediately the staffs were engaged in the initial facilitation of community mobilization and orientation on the project modality on strengthening Governance. Baseline survey was conducted in all the target villages covering **9516 HH and 39327 individual till March 2024**. The data has been digitized in Excel sheet. Summary sheet compilation of Access of entitlement / schemes and exclusion has been compiled.

### ACTIVITIES ON STRENGTHENING TRIBAL CULTURE AND TRADITION :

- Sharing of traditional knowledge with school children –66 School program was organized for sharing traditional knowledge on forest plants, herbals and it's uses, Korwa & Mundari, Kuduk language, Dokra Art .
- 140 PVTG family of 12 villages of three panchayat were supported nutrition supplement. (1 Kit having - 5 Kg- wheat floor, 5 Kg- Jaggery , 5 kg- horse gram, 3 kg- Arhar dal, 3 Kg- masoor dal, 5kg- Soya nugget, 2 kg- mustard oil )
- Total 290(150+140) PVTG families were supported nutrition supplement within two years.



### **STRENGTHENING TRIBAL CULTURE AND TRADITION**

### SOME KEY RESULTS :

- Participation of community leaders, youth, women members increased in Gram Sabha
- 30 Gram sabha meeting was regularized-in villages of Baridohar, Barichhatan, Mandal, Morwai kala, Jargad,Tatha, Jharna , Badhania , Saidup, Ramandag, Labhar, Mundu, Gadi, Ked, Lukumakhand, Rabdi, Hosir, Guva, Hehegada, Tanwai, Karamdih, Patradih, Lat,



Harhe, Juruhar, Harinamad , Chhipadohar, Muru, Ukamad, Paira –once in a month on fixed date.

- Gram Sabha Secretariat established in 22 villages- Jargad, Tataha, Jhanra, Mandal, Gadi, Ked, Lukumkhand, Gua, Hehegada, Hosir, Chungru Ramandag, Labhar, Mundu, Ladi ,Harinamad, Chhipadohar , Baridohar, Barichhattan Meral, Tanwai, Muru, village information, forms of social security schemes, are available in secretariat
- Meeting register started in 30 Gram Sabha, filing, documentation system stated.
- Correspondence was started by Gram sabha on letter head, receiving was being taken Gram Pradhan are visiting block office and meet with BDO and MO.
- Gram Kosh and Grain Kosh started in 16 village, 12 Gram Sabha bank account was opened in Jharkhand Gramin Bank Barwadih .



SECRETARIAT INAUGURATION'S

#### SOME GLIMPS OF GRAM SABHA INITIATIVES :

- Jharna and Badhania tola of Morwai kala village initiated for formation of revenue village , the resolution was sent to DC and Governor with Gram sabha resolution.
- Issues of CFR, MNREGA, Drinking water through Har Ghar Nal Jal Yojana , repairing of jal minar, change of dead transformer by electricity department , regular opening of ICDS ,school, regular ration availability through PDS without deduction Abua Awas , CFR issues were raised during the meetings.
- Gram sabha are filing written complaint against PDS deduction, pending ration, water , electricity ,road related issues.
- Chungru Gram sabha also initiated to manage a traditional fair on 14<sup>th</sup> January and collected revenue. Gram sabha also taken action to fix a rate for Kendu leaves – Rs. 300 for 100 Pola and contractor agreed to pay.
- Tataha village is getting ration in Jharna village(within 3 KM) after complaint and notification by MO. MO distributed ration in their presence after pressure created by women and villagers. MO has signed an agreement with Gram sabha Tataha in this regard.



GRAM SABHA

#### PROCESS INITIATED FOR COMMUNITY FOREST RIGHT (CFR) AND IFR CLAIM IN 45 VILLAGES:

- Staff and FRC committee members training on CFR/IFR process. Set of formats , booklets /manual for CFR were provided to FRC committee members. Staff are supporting FRC members and Abua Bir Disom Abhiyan in documentation, process of claim.



- Consultation with state FRA cell, SDLC , welfare department is going on.
- IFR Process has been started after CFR , identification of 162 individual rights holders is completed.
- Sanyukt Gram sabha organised rally / demonstration on CFR at Block level (Barwadih) and submitted a memorandum to BDO.
- Sanyukt Gram sabha also organized rally / demonstration on CFR at district level (Latehar) and submitted a memorandum to SDO Latehar .



Staff and FRC committee members training on CFR/IFR process

### CFR CLAIM PROCESS :

31 CFR claims in 8 panchayat was submitted. Before start of this project 10 CFR has already been submitted thus total 41 CFR 32 FRC formed – 31 new CFR claims in 8 panchayat was submitted. Total 41(31 new +10 old) CFR claim submitted for 31623.5 Hectare Land . 710 IFR has already been submitted before Abua Bir Dishom Abhiyan, 152 New IFR Process has been started after CFR Identification of rights holders and process is going on. Sanyukt Gram sabha a federation of Gram sabha has has submitted a memorandum to BDO to SDO Latehar in this context. Govt. has also started Abua Bir Dishom Abhiyan after voice raised by claimants



CFR CLAIM PROCESS

### TRAINING ON FOREST RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN :

Training was organized from 17 to 18 January 2024 at Panchayat Bhawan Ked ,( Barwadih ) in which 30 Participants from three organizations : MAA, VSK, MSUS participated and Sri Charan Behera from CDS, Bhubneshwar was resource person. We have to develop forest resource management plan in 10 villages so there was need for such training before planning. Theory and practical training was done in this process. After this training resource management plan is going on in 8 villages in coordination with the Van palan Samiti. Forest Resource management plan was discussed in details and demonstration in Gadi village was done.





### TRAINING ON FOREST RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN

#### **GRAM PRADHAN TRAINING :**

The Fifth Schedule envisages notification of tribal-dominated areas as Scheduled Areas and the formation of a Tribal Advisory Council (TAC) at the State level. Since these Scheduled Areas are supposed to enjoy autonomy protected by the Constitution, the laws passed by parliament and the State legislatures do not automatically apply to them. Hence, the Fifth Schedule defines Governors' powers to adapt laws to these areas. It provides for making regulations by the State Government for the Scheduled Areas having the force of law.

All Gram Sabha start functioning:

- 1) Regular Meeting (Once in a month preferred)
- 2) GS register and documentation of the meeting
- 3) At least 3 Standing committee functional
- 4) At least 50% members participate in every meeting as per the population composition.
- 5) GS secretariat functional.



### GRAM PRADHAN TRAINING

#### **TEAM AND FRC MEMBERS EXPOSURE VISIT :**

An exposure visit of staff and members of FRC was organised on forest resource management and self governance at Block- Daspalla, Villages-Bankatailla , District- Nayagarh Block- Phulbani , Village - Priedi , District - kandhamal. Dr. Sricharan Behera ( SDC Bhubneshwar) was resource person . Dr. Shri Charan Kar told that the people of the village have done their management work and are doing their work by forming a committee and he told about the struggles that mostly





villagers faced here. That women played a vital role in the forest management and struggle. Prem Kumar Sahu translated the local language in Hindi language and he told about forest management that started since 8 years ago, committees are being formed in every village in our area through Gram Sabha and forest management was initiated. People of two villages made decisions on the borders through GPS and we audited all the traditional

boundaries of our Gram Sabha. This was done by the Gram Sabha to stop deforestation by the forest management committee and the water bodies in forest belongs to the people of our village and we have the right to manage it.

Our exposure team went to Priedi village, Panchayat Gandhiwali, Block Firangi District Kandhamal Orissa. A meeting was held and introduction of people was given by Shri Charan Behera in Odia and Hindi language. Villagers of Priedi told that In 2013, they started the work of forest management in village Priyadi. Forest Management Committee farmers and women have the



TEAM AND FRC MEMBERS EXPOSURE VISIT

ultimate role in forest management and community forest patta has been obtained in the village. It was told by Lord Kahar that in our village the work of forest management through Gram Sabha has been started in 2013 and is still being done and women are involved in forest management. 3 Gram Sabha has got the first community forest Patta in Orissa, earlier the forest department used to come as per its own and took away all the boxes of wood etc. as per its own wish, but due to the Forest Rights Act, we have given our village a traditional recognition and managing our resources specially bamboo, kendu leaves.

The work of forest management has been started within the limits and the work is being done by strengthening the Gram Sabha. Under Section 7, the Gram Sabha worked with the forest department people to stop deforestation. The fire line was built in 2009 and saved us from forest fire. Till now about 12 feet has been cleared within the traditional boundary so that fire from other villages does not set fire to the forests of our village.

#### KEY RESULTS AFTER EXPOSURE VISIT :

- Data collection of 8 villages in 8 Panchayat is in progress and compilation is going on. FRC members, members of Van Palan Committee & Gram Sabha started forest resource management plan data regarding NTFP, plants, herbals, bushes, water bodies, etc. are being collected.
- In Tataha village villagers have made a fire line to prevent forest fire, in this process they have cleared, cut bushes, removing dry leaves and separating one block or compartment from another to prevent forest fire. Fire line construction of about 8-10 KM long & 12-15 ft in width was completed.

#### SOCIAL SECURITY AND MGNREGA BENEFITS ENSURED IN 45 VILLAGES:

Application process for pension, ration card, job card has now been initiated by Gram Sabha and



required formats for ration, pension, and MNREGA job card, etc. are available in Gram Sabha. Initially NSK facilitated the process, now Gram Sabha has taken over the tasks. For proper formal communication with Govt. Departments and other stakeholders, Gram Sabha has introduced use of letter head. Initially we are doing through NSK, now it is happening through Gram Sabha and Gram Sabha is using letter head of Gram Sabha for process Through Sarkar Apke Dwar, Pension Adalat and Gram Sabha were linked to SSS. During Sarkar Apke Dwar campaign application were processed with proper documents.



SOCIAL SECURITY AND MGNREGA BENEFITS

423 HH in HY3, 408 HH in HY4 linked with social security schemes. Total 831 HH were linked with social security schemes.

**NUTRITION SUPPORT TO 140 PVTG FAMILIES** : PVTG Families were selected from the community who are helpless, widow, single woman and disabled and they were told about this nutritional distribution that they would get this benefit and this distribution was given to them. The Gram Pradhan and Community Leader were present at the time of nutrition distribution. **5 Kg Jaggery, 3 kg Arhar & 3 kg Massor dal, 5 Kg of Horse Gram, 5 Kg Soya nugget, 5 Kg wheat flour, 2 kg mustard oil.**



NUTRITION SUPPORT

Families were also interacted regarding preparation process from Soya Nugget. While distributing nutritious food to the people in the village, it was told that protein is found in soybean, pulses, jaggery contains iron, the whole process was explained, how to prepare it and how to take care of eating regularly.

**WORLD INDIGENOUS DAY CELEBRATION** : The day was celebrated on 9<sup>th</sup> August at project locations Barwadih, Manika, Mahuadanr and it is intended to raise awareness about the rights, cultures, and contributions of indigenous peoples around the globe. Indigenous communities make up about 5% of the global population, yet they face significant challenges, including marginalization, loss of land, and discrimination. Each year, World Indigenous Day focuses on a specific theme, CFR and IFR claims were highlighted in the event. Celebrations include cultural events, conferences, and discussions that highlight the rich traditions and knowledge of indigenous groups.



**MAHILA SABHA :** Multi Art Association found that Mahila Sabhas are one of the ways to initiate discussion and generate interest among women, regarding women's issues like- drinking water, sanitation, domestic violence, PDS, social security schemes, other social issues . People's participation is one of the fundamental building blocks of democratic government. A democratic form of government can be successful only when all people, irrespective of gender, class, and caste participate in the governance



process .Raising women voices is challenging but an important step in making them confident to voice their issues, not just amongst themselves but in public settings (such as a Gram Sabha meeting, GPDP ) as well. Increasing participation of women in local governance processes needed action related to:

1. Giving women confidence to voice their issues | Improving participation of women in the Gram Sabha .
  2. Sensitising government officials to the needs of women
- The platform of the Mahila Sabha was used to promote women's participation and leadership.



MAHILA SABHA

**WORLD SOCIAL FORUM WORKSHOP :**

Workshop on Food Security Act Facilitation by Multi Art Association: Hall No.-1 , Dated : 31st October 2023 at SDC Ranchi , After 10 Years & Challenges in MNREGA. & PDS

Key Speaker:

1. Lalan Singh AGVS
2. Ashafi Nand Prasad –Right to Food Campaign
3. Ashok Bharati, NACDOR
4. Balram Jo
5. Praveer Peter

**PANEL DISCUSSION :** This Act was published in the Gazette of India on 10th of September, 2013 but deemed to have come into force on the 5th of July, 2013.As per the provisions under section 16 of this Act, every State Government shall, by notification, constitute a State Food Commission for the purpose of monitoring and review of implementation of this Act. Subsequently, Government of Jharkhand decided to constitute an exclusive commission and accordingly the Department of Food, Public Distribution & Consumer Affairs, constituted Jharkhand State Food Commission vides Notification No. 1632 on 13th April, 2017.



PANEL DISCUSSION

Due to lack of funds, state governments find it difficult to meet the demand for employment under



MGNREGA. Most states have failed to disburse wages within 15 days as mandated by MGNREGA. In addition, workers are not compensated for a delay in payment of wages. This has turned the scheme into a supply-based program and subsequently, workers had begun to lose interest in working under it. With very little autonomy, gram panchayats are not able to implement this and act in an effective manner. There has been a delay in the completion of works under MGNREGA and inspection of projects has been irregular. Also, there is an issue of quality of work and asset creation under MGNREGA. At the end a demand memorandum was drafted and shared with Forum.



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**STRENGTHENING SELF GOVERNANCE : EXERCISING RESPONSIBILITIES ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND ECOSYSTEM REGENERATION:**

Reformed Gram Sabha's community people started revisiting their claims traditional and constitutional over the natural resources -forest, water, water structures, on common land within the Gram Sabha territory and started managing resource protection collectively.

**GRAM SABHA EXERCISING THEIR JUDICIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:**

Mass awareness on the PESA Act and Fifth Schedule provision of the Constitution the Adivasi communities of Garhwa District of Jharkhand started to demand that their territory be recognized and declared as fifth schedule area. These are 6 Blocks- Dhurki, Chiniya, Ranka, Ramkanda Bhandaria and Bargarh Block of Garhwa District. Adivasi's population comprises of 95% and fulfills all the terms & conditions in terms of the demography, culture, their livelihood & lifestyles in accordance with the scheduled area. Proposal has been sent to the state Government as well as to the Governor of Jharkhand.



Awareness on the PESA Act and Fifth Schedule

**CULTURAL INTERVENTION FOR SOCIAL AWARENESS:**

The organization has taken interest to preserve the traditional culture of the Adivasi and hence seasonal & traditional cultural events in some village were promoted and organized by Gram Sabha. It was also a tool for creating unity, togetherness; develop mutual trust on each other, among the community people for the peace and prosperity. Now, Every Gram Sabha has started organizing cultural events as their ancestral traditions. These events bring all the community people for discussion, recalling on their language, identity, dress code, rituals, social & cultural values, meaning of the seasonal festivals that have connotations with the Nature.





### UCHHAWABAL GAON GANRAJYA DAY CELEBERATION :

**Gaon Ganrajya Divas** was organized in Uchwabal Village , Manika block, Latehar. Villagers under leadership of Gram Pradhan , Mahavir Prahiaia celebrate Gaon Ganrajya Divas every year on 22 December. Cultural activities, traditional music, folk songs, dances are performed and worship are performed in village. Villagers from surrounding areas participate and Gram Pradhan from other villages participated and shared their experiences and present situation of Gram sabha, PESA, and Govt. policies & programs. More than thousands of people, women, and youth participated and enjoyed the tradition of their tribal culture.

### MONITORING & INTERVENTION IN VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES:

Gram Sabha is taking initiatives to improve status in different sectors such as health, education, basic facilities and economic opportunities. Monitoring of MNREGA, social security schemes, schools education and ICDS program for the children are being taken up by the Gram Sabha. Regarding CFR and IFR, community is in close contact with Gram Sabha, which is recommending, taking resolution to claim CFR and IFR after ground verification of the proposal. In every Gram Sabha (33 Gram Sabha in Ranka Subdivision in Garhwa District) have constituted their forest management committee as a forest Governance committee to protect, regenerate and preservation of the forest ecosystem.



MONITORING & INTERVENTION

### LAND RIGHTS UNDER FRA:

Mass awareness campaign on Abua Bir Disom Abhiyan was organized by Multi Art Association in all the panchayats of Bhandaria, Badgad block of Garhwa district, Ramgarh, as well as in Barwadih blocks of Latehar district, to claim individual and community rights. Under this program, the beneficiaries of forest land were informed about the legal provisions of the Forest Rights Act by holding a meeting with the Panchayat representatives for the formation of forest rights committees in all villages of Badgad block to create maximum claim generation. Total 92 CFR claims were submitted at SDLC level at Garhwa and Latehar .



Awareness campaign

### WOMEN EMPOWERMENT AND GENDER EQUITY:

The organisation is also working towards women empowerment and gender equity. With AALI (Association for advocacy and legal initiative) the organisation is working for addressing women's issue through right based perspective. The organisation tries to provide legal aid to women, especially those from marginalised and deprived communities, who are victim of domestic violence, trafficking, which hunt discrimination etc. Organisation has also worked for promotion of gender equity and women empowerment in Daltonganj through Young Women Leadership Program (YWLP) in association with FAT (Feminist Approach to Technology). In this project young girls from marginalised community were given training in Information technology. They were trained in operating computer and other software skills.



WOMEN EMPOWERMENT AND GENDER EQUITY

Besides the project also involved various workshops and field work which gave the young women opportunity to learn the value of gender equity and understanding and dealing with patriarchy.

**ASSOCIATION WITH AALI :** We are engaged with Aali- under this, AALI engages with women from marginalized communities to strengthen their knowledge about the various laws and entitlements, and developing **women as leaders**. We also work with women leaders at grassroots, youth, and educators so that they become **agents of change for their communities**. Under this program we undertakes research, capacity building, and pro-bono socio-legal support through our caseworkers and empaneled lawyers, with a strong focus on violence against women, children, and marginalized communities. Multi Art Association has covered rural area of Palamu, Latehar and Ranchi region in this regard to empower women for their rights, legal support, resist child marriage, domestic violence , constitutional rights . Rural Women , college and school girls , adolescent girls were covered under this program.



Developing women as leaders

**NREGA SAHAYATA KENDRA:**

A substantial 13 NSK centers is being run by Multi Art Association is being run in Lohardaga, Latehar, Palamu and Garhwa districts of Jharkhand with financial support of UUIHP. The block includes Kairo, Senha and Bhandra blocks of Laohardaga district, Barwadih, Garu and Mahudandr blocks of Latehar district, Ranka, Bargad and Bhnadariya blocks of Garhwa district and Satbarwa and Ramgarh blocks of Palamu district, Khunti Block in Khunti and Kanke block in Ranchi district. The center is opened every Friday and Tuesday, where villagers visit for information and support such as application forms, documentation process regarding all the schemes like MNREGA wages, ration, pension. NSK facilitators help people in receiving employment, getting registered and



receiving wage payment under MNREGA. Besides NREGA NSKs are also working on the issues of Ration, Social security pension( Old aged pension, Widow Pension, PVTG pension, Divyang Pension) Angnawadi and Maternal entitlement. On the issue of Ration and pension, NSK members help people to submit their application for Ration card and pension to block administration. They also follow up the applications and keep reminding the administration. Some NSK like Barwadih, Ranka, Bargad and Satbarwa are also working on the issue of Forest Right and Gram Sabha Empowerment. NSK members were part of state wide ICDS survey to know the status of Take home ration in Anganwadi centers in Jharkhand.

<b>List of NSK centres:</b>	
NSK Senha, Loharadaga	NSK Garu, Latehar
NSK Bhandara ,Loharadaga	NSK Kairo, Lohardga
NSK Mahuadnad, Latehar	NSK Kanke, Ranchi
NSK Barwadih ,Latehar	NSK Bhandariya, Garhwa
NSK Ranka, Garhwa	NSK Satabrwa, Palmau
NSK Bargad, Garhwa	NSK Khunti ,Khunti
NSK Chinia	14 NSK Ramgarh ,Palamu

**INCREASED AWARENESS AND LINKAGE WITH SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEMES:**

Most of the excluded community like Adivasi BPL families are deprived of rights and entitlements, social security schemes due to lack of awareness, ignorance, illiteracy, lengthy process, proper documents, so through this project support these community in all respect for their rights and entitlements social security schemes includes pension (National Social Assistance program), provision of ration (PDS) under National Food Security Act, and Right to work under MNREGA.



AWARENESS AND LINKAGE WITH SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEMES

**SUPPORT THROUGH NSK :**

WORK ACCOMPLISHED	NUMBER
New Job Card application submitted	1065
Job card renewal	640
Name addition in job card	329
MNREGA work demand	1753



MNREGA Wage demand	133
MNREGA name, account, AADHAR correction	193
MNREGA Account opening	271
Pariwarik Labh –MNREGA	13
Unemployment compensation –MNREGA	1
NREGA Related other complains	300
Application for New PDS Card	744
Mid day meal application	34
ICDS Application	190
Pariwarik labh-jan Shree, Insurance, death certificate	13
Labour registration – Jharkhand Govt.	162
Application for Maternity Benefit Schems	28
Application submitted for Old Age Pension	1509
Application submitted for Widow Pension	138
Application submitted for Disability Pension	56
Total linkage with social security schemes	7572
Dist. Regional meeting attended	215
Letter / correspondence with department	63

### GGF Training : Training Community Cadres on Constitutional Values & Applicable

#### Laws in India :

Date	Venue	Participants	Resource Person
24-26 June 2023	Badlav Foundation, Arsande Kanke Ranchi	45	Mithilesh Kumar, James Herenj, Balram
21-23 August 2023	Badlav Foundation, Arsande Kanke Ranchi	45	Jo, Sunil Minz, Phillip Kujur, Alex Kerketta,
28-30 September 2023	Badlav Foundation, Arsande Kanke Ranchi	45	Deepak Bada Asarfi Nand
30 October to 1 Nov. 2023	Badlav Foundation, Arsande Kanke Ranchi	45	

**DISCUSSION POINTS:** The Constitution underpins the country's foundational values - i.e. **human dignity, equality and freedom** - and lays out the vision of a good society that the country seeks to become. By virtue of being a citizen, individuals undertake to obey the state. Most noteworthy, the constitutional values are those values which **safeguard the human rights of every citizen of India**. Moreover, these values ensure there should be no unfairness or injustice towards any citizen of India. There are many types of constitutional values in India. The Preamble is a brief introductory statement that sets out the guiding purpose and principles of the Constitution. **Chapter 1** enshrines key constitutional principles and, because they are so important they are more difficult to change. Values **help us live with direction and purpose** – like a guiding compass.





**GGF TRAINING**

PHASE I	PHASE II
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• About Constitution, Preamble, Constitution values</li> <li>• Fundamental Rights</li> <li>• Democracy and Governance system</li> <li>• Gram Sabha , Difference between 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> schedule</li> <li>• RTI</li> <li>• RTE</li> <li>• MNREGA</li> <li>• NFSA</li> <li>• PESA/ Gram Sabha</li> <li>• FRA</li> <li>• Land Acquisition on the context of Constitutional Values</li> <li>• Gender inequality</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Constitution's Preamble</li> <li>• Present social and political situation</li> <li>• PESA,</li> <li>• Right to Food, PDS</li> <li>• Rights of tribals</li> <li>• CNT (Chhotanagpur Tenancy Act), SPT (Santhal Pargana Act) and Schedule Area Regulation Act</li> <li>• Land Acquisition Right Mining and MNREGA.</li> </ul>
PHASE III	PHASE IV
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Constitutional values</li> <li>• Constitution. Chapter</li> <li>• Safeguarding human rights</li> <li>• Gram Sabha under PESA</li> <li>• Rights of Gram sabha in schedule area</li> <li>• Exposure visit of participants in mining area to know socio economic impact of mining</li> <li>• Scenario of PESA in Jharkhand</li> <li>• PRI</li> <li>• RTI process for FRA</li> <li>• FIR Process and relevancy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Right to food campaign</li> <li>• IPC, CRPC, RTI, ICDS, PDS, FRA</li> <li>• Constitutional values and awareness</li> <li>• Constitutional values and present situation</li> <li>• Land Acquisition Act, the issues of Resettlement, Rehabilitation, Compensation, Environmental Impact Assessment), SIA (Social Impact Assessment</li> <li>• PMMVY (Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana)</li> <li>• ICDS</li> <li>• Right to trust, right to equality, right to fraternity, justice</li> <li>• The functions of Gram Sabha and Panchayati Raj</li> <li>• PESA, RTI, MNREGA, and FRA</li> </ul>

**Training Methodology:** Lecture, Group discussion, Presentation, Film show, Field Exposure



and FGD, Open session, Panel discussion & conclusion, Question hour, Case study.

PESA empowers Gram Sabha to prevent alienation of land in the Scheduled Areas and take appropriate action to restore unlawfully alienated land of a Scheduled Tribe. The Gram Sabha must ensure that no land belonging to Scheduled Tribes is transferred to Non- ST status. Tola sabha is also a Gram Sabha, Basahat (Habitation) is recognized as Gram sabha, traditional system is practiced in village under schedule 5<sup>th</sup> area. Local disputes, traditions, marriage, worship, social integration is maintained in village as villagers take resolution.

**Village is center of development:** Good governance demands respect for human rights, rule of law, strengthening of democracy, promoting transparency and capacity in public administration. The responsiveness of the state and its institutions to the needs and aspirations of the people, and inclusive citizenship are imperative to good governance. Democracy depends upon the equality of all human beings, their right to participate in social and political transformation and the right to development, to live in dignity. Panchayat Raj is a system and process of good governance. Villages have always been the basic units of administration in India since ancient times. The Gram Sabha can become the cornerstone of the whole Panchayat Raj institutional set-up, thereby the Indian democratic system.



**Village is center of development**

#### Exposure Visit of trainees :

The second day of the training program was an exposure of 2 small village Tuidungri and Makulakocha a part of East Singhbhum .Firstly the visit was to village Tuidungri, Chandil Saraikela. There was Gram Sabha (ki baithak). Krishna introduced the Gram Pradhan (majhibaba) Brispati Singh Sardar, villagers and other committee members. To support a neighbouring village Majhibaba was also present in the Gram Sabha. Brispati Singh informed how the land brokers are exploiting the land by trading it to the companies and industries. There was also a large Sponge Iron Industry near by the village polluting the whole environment with high temperature of heat. Later Karmu Chandra Mandi explained the formation of Gram Sabha and what are the work done by the committee. To this the other people also added that Adivasi who were fighting for RSA the police and company men threaten them to kill in Dalma and Chandil. Around 116 village were displaced for building Chandil dam also they mention that a Steal Factory is going to set up in Nimdih there is contention. Trainer Arila Hemborn spoke to them in to fight for the land and keeping the sprit on.



#### Training Conclusion: -

The four phases training each of 3 days about the constitution, preamble, constitutional values

democracy, applicable laws, acts, schemes and policies gave a lot of ideas about the various things related to our constitution rights. Community and local leaders participated and learnt about their fundamental rights, duties, provisions of applicable acts, policies, barriers, legal support. The training was participative, informative, and interactive as well. The activities made the sessions even more interesting and this information will be propagated by the local leaders to the population and will increase awareness among citizens.

**ORGANIZATION ENTITLEMENT BASED APPROACH AND GRAM SABHA AN INSTITUTION IN CONSTITUTIONAL FRAME:**

Primarily we have started NSK to link the community with MNREGA, pension, PDS, later we felt that in this manner we cannot ensure sustainability, so we should empower Gram sabha so that after our exit Gram sabha would carry over these activities and it will ensure sustainability. So organization is working in rights based approach where community will lead and our role is to facilitate. When Gram sabha will empower, it will be active for ensuring its rights as per norms in PRI. PRI rule has given lots of provisions and rights of Gram sabha in 243 G of PRI, any schemes, infrastructure development work, mining, natural resource management, and social security schemes linkage.



GRAM SABHA AN INSTITUTION IN CONSTITUTIONAL FRAME:

**Result achievement of NSK:** NSK one year result and achievement was discussed in which linkage with pension, MNREGA, PDS, and other social security schemes social audit, have been done through NSK. In some area claims under CFR/IFR were also done , all these have been captured in reporting format, however there is need to rectify the reporting format because all the activities are not captured in this format such as activities regarding empowerment of Gram Sabha

**CHILDLINE 1098 Service:** Collab Child line has been started by the organization in Latehar district headquarters since December 2020 in collaboration with Ministry of Women and Child Development, Govt. of India and Child line India Foundation. Under this service, the team members of Child Line are always ready to serve the children 24 hours a day. Child-line team is making aware about 1098 service and organizes other programs like outreach, open house, painting competition, friendship with child line in all the blocks. In consultation with CWC, children in need after verification were handed over to parents or sent to shelter home.

Particular	No. of cases
Sponsorship	56
Fact finding –Missing children	23
Outreach (School, College, Bus stop, Tourist place, park)	213 ( 5820 Participants )
Open house	5 ( 167 Participants )



Shelter children	28(550 Program)
Cases registered	168
Other	87

**CLUSTER FACILITATION PROGRAM:**

Cluster Facilitation Project which focuses on providing rural livelihood under MGNREGA to aspirational and other backward regions of the country was launched in the State. The plans is GIS based. Also, plans can be made according to the need of the area. The plans will be GIS based. Also, plans can be made according to the need of the area. Multi Art Association is engaged in Manika block of Latehar and Senha block of Lohardaga to implement CFP program in association with local administration. This Program has been Started to Implement the Work of Cluster Level Facilitation Project MNREGA. In Manika Block Latehar District. In this there is 3 Cluster each Cluster have 2 Member 1 Livelihood Expert and 1 NRM Expert but Leader of the Team is GIS Coordinator who Leads the Team. The Main Aim of the Project to work carefully and properly atthe Grassroot Level.CFP. There are a Total 15 Panchayat in Manika Block In which 3 Cluster Have Been Formed by Combining 5 Panchayat Each. There are Approximately 11000-15000 Job Card in Each Cluster.

**TEAM GOAL AND ACHIEVEMENT**

Location	No. of DPR	No. of schemes in DPR	Area selected under BHGY	No selected under Birsa Sinchai Koop	Schemes under implementation
Senha	35	2638	450	268	758
Manika	31	4651	386	374	244

MANIKA BLOCK	Target of DPR 2023-2024	DPR Completed 2023-2024	Achievement
March 2023-24	24	31	7 Above Target



**MGNREGA MANGO PLANTATION**

**BADKADIH GRAM PANCHAYAT OF PATKI VILLAGE BEFORE AND AFTER IMAGE :**

In Patki Village CFP Team Working on Location Map of that Location Then Making Contour Map then Watershed and Drainage Map for Flow of water. First Team Visit the Location Area and Selected the area where they Want to Work after Selection Check the Soil and Slope of Location, where is the Possibility of Mango Plantation where in keeping in mind that there must be source of water and Land must be Fertile while working in Patki Village our 1<sup>st</sup> Aim to clean Scrubs and Bush of Selected Land and Have a Slope and Source of Water. While Working in that selected Area we are Facing Problem to Connect or Communicate with People Because we have to Understanding them from Grassroot about Role of our team and how we can easy your Livelihood As you Seen in Image of Impact of CFP Team Manika Before





and After.



83 781641  
84 350541  
843 3425 09  
10.1 m  
17-2022-14-81  
A. Badkadih panchayat



BEFORE  
Rajkishor singh village-Patki  
GP-BADKADIH



83 782229  
84 350602  
844 312 10 m  
6.8 m  
16-2022-13-07  
A. Badkadih panchayat



AFTER  
Rajkishor singh village-Patki  
GP-BADKADIH



**WASTE MANAGEMENT** : The project "From Waste to Wealth: Innovative Strategies for Effective Waste Management" implemented in Ward No. 39 of the Ranchi Municipal Corporation benefitted multiple segments of the community, including households, waste-pickers, and marginalized groups.

**IMPLEMENTED ACTIVITIES : TRAINING AND CAPACITY BUILDING :**

The funds were used to conduct extensive training sessions for over 130 households on waste segregation and composting. These sessions were crucial in educating community members on the environmental and health benefits of proper waste management practices. For example, households learned how to use the provided composting bins, which led to the successful processing of organic waste into high-grade compost.

**INTEGRATION OF WASTE-PICKERS**

A significant portion of the funding was allocated to integrate waste-pickers into the waste management process. Waste-pickers were trained on the technical aspects of composting and waste collection, enhancing their skills and providing them with sustainable livelihood opportunities. This not only improved their income but also established them as key service providers in the community.

**PROCUREMENT OF COMPOSTING BINS AND EQUIPMENT** The funds were used to purchase and distribute 30-liter composting bins to 100 selected households. Additionally, one tricycle was procured for waste-pickers to facilitate the collection of semi-decomposed waste and its transportation to the processing center. This equipment was essential for the efficient operation of the project.

**ESTABLISHMENT OF A PROCESSING CENTER** : A local processing center was set-up for secondary composting. The funding covered the costs of setting up this facility, where waste-pickers further processed the collected waste into high-quality compost. This center played a critical role in ensuring the sustainability of the composting process.



**COMMUNITY & STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT :**

Funds were also utilized for community meetings and consultations with local authorities. These engagements helped in building strong community support and advocating for the scalability of the project. The positive outcomes and data generated from the project provided a strong case for future policy advocacy in waste management.

Here is a detailed breakdown of the beneficiaries and how they benefitted:



<p><b>1. Households (HHs):</b> 100 selected households within Ward No. 39.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Women, men, and youth within these households.</li> </ul> <p><b>Benefits:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Waste Management Training:</b> Over 130 household members received training on source segregation and composting, enhancing their knowledge and practices in waste management.</li> <li>• <b>Health and Environment:</b> Improved waste management practices led to cleaner surroundings, reducing health risks associated with improper waste disposal.</li> <li>• <b>Community Engagement:</b> Increased awareness and responsibility towards waste management within the community.</li> </ul>	<p><b>2. Waste-Pickers</b></p> <p><b>Beneficiaries:</b> waste-pickers directly involved in the project.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Broader waste-picker community through potential scale-up and integration.</li> </ul> <p><b>Benefits:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Income Augmentation:</b> Waste-pickers were integrated as service providers in the composting process, leading to increased and stabilized income from collecting and selling compost.</li> <li>• <b>Skill Development:</b> Training provided to waste-pickers enhanced their skills in waste segregation, composting, and managing waste processing operations.</li> <li>• <b>Social Recognition:</b> Enhanced status and recognition within the community as essential service providers, leading to improved socio-economic conditions.</li> </ul>
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**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT:**

- **Reduction in Methane Emissions:** The project led to a significant reduction in methane emissions, estimated at 6 kg of methane per household per year. This was achieved by diverting organic waste from landfills, where it would have otherwise decomposed anaerobically, releasing methane—a potent greenhouse gas.
- **Cleaner Environment:** With 3 metric tons of waste processed locally and zero transmission to landfills, the local environment became cleaner and healthier, reducing pollution and associated health risks.
- Socio-Economic Upliftment of Waste-Pickers
- **Economic Empowerment:**
- **Increased Income:** Waste-pickers involved in the project experienced an increase in their income by collecting and selling the compost produced from household waste. This provided them with a stable and sustainable source of income.
- **Job Security:** The integration of waste-pickers as service providers in the waste management process provided them with a more formalized and recognized role, enhancing their job security and socio-economic status.
- **Skill Development and Social Recognition:**
- **Enhanced Skills:** Through training and active participation, waste-pickers developed new skills in waste segregation, composting, and managing waste processing operations, making them more proficient and valuable in their roles.
- **Improved Social Status:** The project elevated the social standing of waste-pickers within the community. They were recognized as key contributors to the waste management process, leading to greater respect and acknowledgement of their work.

**KEY RESULT :**

The success of our waste management initiative attracted the attention of several prominent agencies and institutions. Notably, organizations like NTPC, SwitchON Foundation, IGSSS, Yogada College, and the Institute of Forest Productivity (IFP) Government of India have shown considerable interest in our approaches to waste management. These agencies have invited us to participate in their consultations and



have requested our expertise to facilitate workshops and training sessions on sustainable waste management practices. These opportunities have not only expanded our reach and influence but have also enabled us to share our experiences and best practices with a broader audience. Moreover, our involvement in these events has specifically increased access for women, indigenous peoples, and youth. By showcasing the active roles women played in our project, we have highlighted the importance of gender-inclusive approaches in environmental initiatives. Additionally, our engagements have underscored the value of involving indigenous communities and youth in sustainable practices, ensuring their voices and perspectives are included in the decision-making processes.

### ORGANIZATION DEVELOPMENT WITH SUPPORT OF DHWANI FOUNDATION

Dhwani Foundation is a non-profit organization based in India that works to strengthen the social sector by building the capacities of non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and other development sector entities. It focuses on enhancing the operational and management capabilities of these organizations, ensuring that they are more effective, transparent, and accountable in their work.

#### **KEY SUPPORT BY DHWANI FOUNDATION:**

1. **Capacity Building:** Dhwani Foundation provides training and consultancy to us on how to improve governance, operational efficiency, and impact measurement. They help organizations with aspects such as financial management, program design, monitoring and evaluation, and strategic planning.
2. **Governance and Compliance:** They assist in improving their internal governance structures and ensure compliance with legal and regulatory frameworks. This includes guidance on financial transparency, board management, and statutory requirements.
3. **Impact Measurement and Evaluation:** They help us to design systems for monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of their programs. This is crucial for understanding the real-world impact of their interventions and making data-driven decisions.
4. **Networking and Collaboration:** Dhwani Foundation fosters collaborations between NGOs, funders, and other stakeholders in the development sector to share resources, knowledge, and best practices.

By providing these services, Dhwani Foundation helps us to improve our impact on communities and ensures that social interventions are more efficient, effective, and scalable.

#### **GOVERNING BODY LIST:**

Name	Address	Education	Designation
Jitendra Singh	Village-Chema, PO-Rockey Kala,Block-	ITI	President
Mithilesh Kumar Viswakarma	Near-Bazar Samiti, Sudna, Daltonganj, Palamu, Jharkhand	MARD, LLB	Secretary
James Herenj	Village- Chiro,Post &Thana- Chandwa, Latehar, Jharkhand	IFI	Treasure
Tagren Kerketta	Village-Kalkhajri,PO-Paraswar,Block- Badgad, District-Garhwa, Jharkhand	BA	Member
Anjana Gresh Huhad	Gram-Homia,PO-Bairia,Block- Ramkanda, District-GarhwJharkhand	BA	Member
Subhash Lohra	Village-Ked, Chhipadohar, Latehar,	Matric	Member
Virendra Kumar Paswan	Village- Bhudwa, PO-Kakekala, Block-	BA	Member

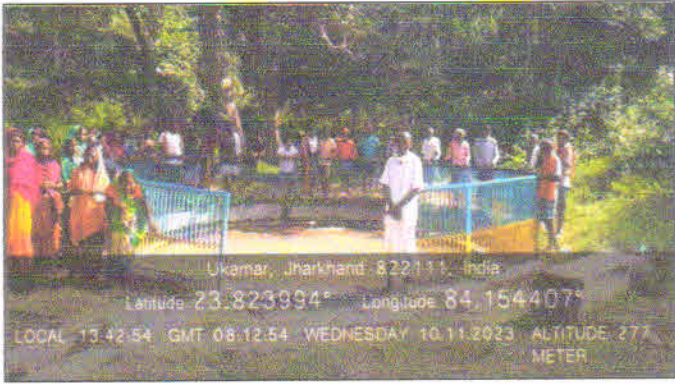


**Consolidated Income Expenditure Statement:**

PROJECT NAME	INCOME	EXPENDITURE
AZIM PREMJI PHILANTHROPIC INITIATIVES	5695000.00	5494421.00
GGF TRAINING (FCRA)	0 00	1199486.00
GGF-Waste Management	815500.00	473573.00
UUHIP(FCRA)	3704824.00	5633677.00
CHILDLINE	526876.00	508136.00
CHILDLINE -ECM	75300.00	75300.00
CFP	5071035.00	4318086.00
MULTI ART ASSOCIATION -CONTRIBUTION	20000.00	-
TOTAL BANK INTEREST - NON FCRA	109904.00	-
TOTAL BANK INTEREST FCRA	100298.00	-
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>16118737.00</b>	<b>17702679.00</b>

**“Media Coverage:”**





<b>गर्म पानी ग्राम सभा-ततहा</b> पंचायत-मोरवाई कला (बरवाडीह) नं०- _____ दिनांक _____ नाम _____ ₹ _____ हस्ताक्षर	<b>गर्म पानी ग्राम सभा-ततहा</b> पंचायत-मोरवाई कला (बरवाडीह) नं०- _____ दिनांक _____ नाम _____ ₹ _____ सधन्यवाद प्राप्त किया। हस्ताक्षर
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